









TIME TABLE.

Leave Bristol for Philadelphia (Broad St.)	Arrive Philadelphia
2:40, 5:55, 8:30, 6:52, 7:21, 7:41, 8:12, 8:23, 9:14, 9:19, 9:52, 10:26 A. M. 12:07, 1:01, 1:34, 8:03, 1:12, 4:01, 4:58, 5:37, 5:45, 6:25, 7:00, 8:51, 9:27, 11:21 P. M. Sunday trains, 7:40, 8:00, 8:11, 9:00, 9:19, 10:26 A. M. 12:04, 12:25, 5:05, 5:43, 7:21, 7:30, 8:51, 9:28, 11:03 P. M.	
Leave Philadelphia (Broad St.) for Bristol	Arrive Bristol
12:01, 6:07, 6:28, 6:50, 7:32, 8:30, 10:01, 11:14 A. M. 12:01, 1:10, 1:50, 2:43, 3:32, 4:00, 4:20, 5:00, 5:02, 5:25, 5:40, 6:01, 6:21, 7:03, 7:27, 9:17, 10:00, 10:28, 11:31 P. M. Sunday trains, 12:01, 7:40, 8:50, 9:05, 11:45, A. M. 2:06, 5:19, 5:53, 7:03, 7:25, 8:12, 10:25 P. M.	

(\* Express trains.

BRISTOL POST OFFICE.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAIL.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

NEW YORK—Arrives at 7:00, 10:15 A. M., 12:30 P. M., 4:00, 8:15, 11:00 A. M., 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrives at 7:00, 7:45, 10:00 A. M., 12:00, 1:00, 4:00, 7:00, 10:00 P. M.

REUNION OF PUPILS OF BRISTOL BOARDING SCHOOL.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 23, 1892.

Editor of GAZETTE.—

Many of the good people of Bristol have a lively remembrance of the Bristol Boarding School, which was projected about thirty years ago by R. A. Peirce and Sisters, and which flourished happily under their efficient charge.

The school had a modest beginning. Through those essential forces which we call energy and perseverance, fortified by determination and fostered by gain, it developed a steady growth, merited a solid footing, acquired well-earned prosperity, lived its life of honorable usefulness, and ended with a worthy record. It closed its existence some twelve or fifteen years ago, but it still lives brightly in the memory of those who knew it by association, and only less vividly in the minds of those who were acquainted with it by reputation.

Recently one of the old pupils—old as applied to a former time, and not to advancing years, although this matured pupil wears a natural crown that is richly flecked with silver—proposed a re-union of the living pupils of the school. The suggestion took a practical shape and culminated in a successful reality. As the pupils were widely scattered, some of them dwelling far away or out of the way, the correspondence involved furnished a task too formidable to be called a labor of love. It soon became apparent, through the most tangible evidence, that the project had met with hearty and general accord. The day was fixed, (February 20th), the place was chosen, (the New Century Drawing rooms), and the cards of invitation were duly issued.

At three o'clock the pupils and others began to assemble, and in a little while the beautiful hall of the New Century Club were an enlivening electric star and new moon that blazed in the lofty ceiling of the hall, like a miniature firmament, were gathered together principal, teachers, and pupils, friends and acquaintances, old, young, and those in middle life, representing all but two of Shakespeare's seven ages. There were none so young as to claim the "nurse's arms," and none so old as to be "sans every thing."

Many of the pupils were accompanied by their happy husbands, who, of course gave importance to the scene; and many of their children were there to grace it with a charm. Some of the latter were as old as were their mothers when the latter were pupils nearly a quarter of a century ago. This bevy of young and smiling life, took upon themselves many of the essential duties which the occasion demanded. They performed their allotted tasks with sweet propriety and manly and womanly dignity.

The throng was one of shifting movement and cheerful animation. Old friends long parted met in a spirit of joyous recognition. There was a re-kindling of slumbering friendships that shed its light from welcoming eyes, and gave despatch to winged words. In some cases friend quickly recognized friend where pleasant intimacy had long slept; in others the memory was slow to act or altogether reluctant, and required external help. Indeed, it was necessary, in some instances, for the imagination to be put in a very elastic and ardent process to convince one that these were the identical persons who were known long ago by the names that belonged to them in the school-days of their girlhood. In others it was remarkable to see how gently the hand of time had displayed its treatment, almost missing them with its delicate touch. If some potent wand of magic could have been employed to restore to each one the gift of youth, there would have been a blissful escape from perplexity. But they all had their consolation, or their thought if not their word of retort, for they likewise brought to us

"The melancholy news that we grow old." Whatever else may be said, one truth is clear,—every heart was young. It was pleasant to witness the instant revival of old friendships, and the happy interchanges of pleasant words and kindly greetings, that indicated the generous flow of pure delight.

The formal ceremonies were preceded by awakening song from the old familiar voices, which had lost neither their freshness nor their cunning. They forcibly called back the olden times.

From the platform Miss Peirce read her address to the pupils, an address of welcome and reminiscence to which all listened with attentive appreciation. She mentioned the leading points connected with the history of the school from its inception, tracing its growth and progress from beginning to end, and referred to many of the details that were deeply interesting to those who were present. The address broadened into a range of thought and expression befitting the occasion, and naturally touched upon the high purpose and practical results of the school, embracing in its work the building of the character of the pupils, as well as the enlightenment of their minds. Pleasant reference was made to those who far away, ministering to their distant homes; and those who sleep the

inevitable sleep in the solemn stillness of death, were the tender objects of sad, pathetic allusion. The address was a graceful tribute from the present to the past, the past inspiring the present, and worthily filled its place as the dominant feature of the reunion.

Mr. John Collins, who taught drawing at the school, made some remarks relating to his connection therewith, and also presented the principal with a neatly executed series of verses, surmounted with a floral embellishment, emblematic in its character, expressing the good will of the donor.

The pupils presented their teacher with a fine edition of Robert Browning's Poems, comprising seven volumes in sumptuous binding, together with a copy of Chittenden's Recollections of Lincoln. The presentation speech was made by Mr. Robert Purvis, who early gave the school his patronage and encouragement. His words were well chosen, and the duty assigned to him was discharged in a fitting and impressive manner. Mr. Purvis is as erect as he was thirty years ago. He maintains his fine personality unimpaired by the frowns of time, and is innocent of old age in his eighty-second year.

Miss Peirce expressed the gift with affectionate expressions of thankfulness, glowing with fervid emotion. The company did full justice to the well-ordered refreshments, which, in kind and quality, were all that could be desired.

From beginning to end the re-union was a delightful success. Every heart seemed to be conscious of a full measure of enjoyment. There was an abundant flow of gay and glad enthusiasm among the numerous participants, from whose memory the day's friendly joy will not soon fade away. J. K. W.

GOSPEL MEETINGS.

The evangelistic meetings being held at the Baptist Church are still in progress. A number of persons have been interested in their soul's salvation. Nearly every evening some have taken a stand for Christ. Evangelist Land has presented the gospel message in strong yet tender manner, and with Mrs. Land they have presented the sweet message of God's love to man in touching spiritual songs. Everybody cordially welcome to all the services. Sunday morning, preaching at 10:30; Sunday School at 2:00; Young people's meeting at 6:30; preaching Sunday evening at 7:30. Come to any or all of these services.

BASE BALL AT MORRISVILLE.

The Morrisville boys are going to have a very strong team on the ball field next season. They have signed the Jordan brothers, of Philadelphia, for a battery, and have signed other players which will make the team a good one. They have joined the Trades League, of Trenton, and expect to make the fur fly when they get among the Jersey men. The following is a list of the players: C. Jordan, J. Jordan, E. Reed, R. Stephenson, W. Riddle, C. Hart, E. Mason, C. Margueron, H. Margueron, R. Hayes, M. South. The club will have some open dates, and all good clubs wishing games will address A. H. Anderson, Manager, Morrisville, Bucks County, Pa.

THE LOTUS.

Owing to the special services being held in the First Baptist Church by Evangelist Land and wife, a very short session of the Lotus Literary and Debating Society was held on Monday evening last. The program committee concluded to have the same program for Monday evening, Feb. 29th, as was announced for last Monday evening, which is as follows: Reading, R. B. Kelly; Essay, John Angus; Subject for debate, Resolved, that novel reading has a moral tendency; affirmative, John Christy and John Thorn; negative, Ellanathan Brown and Alex. Morrison. Contributors to the Journal, Fred B. Booz, W. H. Mohr, Alex. Wilson, Philip Sailer and Rev. W. H. Clippman.

The Lotus proposes in the near future to hold a public entertainment, for which an excellent program will be prepared. Those who have attended these public entertainments can attest to their excellence.

A special despatch from Burlington, N. J., says that Edward Parker Deacon, who killed his wife's friend in Cannes, France, is a member of the well-known family of that name in that locality. His father and grandfather were both born in Burlington, and are remembered by the older inhabitants. David Deacon, Edward's grandfather, was a commodore in the navy and died there, being buried in St. Mary's Churchyard. His grave is neglected and has no headstone. He had three sons one of whom was named Edward, and who was father of the present Edward Parker. The father left Burlington and after living for a time in the West located in Boston, where he married Miss Parker, whose parents were wealthy. The son inherited this wealth and went abroad after marrying Miss Baldwin, the daughter of Commodore Baldwin.

—Angus York is building a couple of houses on the north side of Pond street, between Jefferson and Lincoln avenues. He will build two more on Lincoln avenue this spring.

THE LEAGUE IS FORMED.

After several meetings the Amateur League was finally formed on Wednesday evening, of last week, at the Washington Hotel, Philadelphia. The clubs represented at the meeting were Oxford, Tacony, Bristol, Camden, Athletic, Riverton and A. C. S. N. Prior to Wednesday's meeting all the sections of the constitution had been adopted with the exception of the one upon guarantee. The meeting was called to order by Frank Hough, and a discussion of the guarantee and percentage clauses taken up. All the clubs except Bristol favored a guarantee of \$25. The Bristol wanted \$30. The next question was as to whether there should be a percentage clause, and it was voted there should not. Navy and Riverton casting affirmative ballots. The League then proceeded to organization. The following officers were elected: President, Edward Minister, of Bristol; vice president, Mr. Wilson, of Oxford; secretary and treasurer, N. B. Young of the Press. The Bristol, Tacony, Camden, Navy, and Athletic Clubs were elected to membership on the Board of Directors.

The next meeting will be held Monday evening when an eighth club will be admitted.

PHILADELPHIA AMUSEMENTS.

The following attractions are announced for next week's production at the leading Philadelphia theatres: Arch—Miss Helen Blythe in the new and powerful melodrama, "The Wide, Wide World."

Empire—First time here of the thrilling drama and scenic masterpiece, "The Vendetta."

Grand Opera House—Second week of the magnificent dramatic, acrobatic and spectacular success, "The Circus."

Chestnut Street Opera House—The last week of Denman Thompson in the beautiful picture of New England life, "The Old Homestead."

Park—Joseph Murphy the trained Irish comedian, in "Shawn Rhee" and "The Kerry Cow."

Walnut—Frank Daniels in "Little Puck," one of the best and foremost productions extant.

Marion Manola, Mr. and Mrs. Digby Bell and the other favorites of Harry Askins' company will return to the Broad Street Theatre with "The Tar and the Tartar."

RESOLUTIONS OF CONDOLENCE.

WIDOW OF THE KEENEYS. }  
No. 222, 1. O. R. M., }  
20th St., New Moon, G. S. D. 401. }  
Whereas, The Great Spirit of the Universe, the Father of us all, has removed from the human domain of earth the beloved companion of our Sister, Sagamore, Brother Thomas C. Keene, therefore be it

Resolved, That we humbly bow to the will of the Great Spirit, and tender to the good brother our profound sympathy and condolence in this hour of his bereavement.

Resolved, That we sympathize with the bereaved family, and pray for the repose of the soul of the departed. Every manifestation of her life was pure and noble. She was loyal to every duty.

Resolved, That in the death of this noble woman our Tribe has lost a perfect and useful friend, one who was always ready to aid and helping hand in any work that would benefit the order.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions sent to our Brother Thomas C. Keene, and be published in the Bucks County Gazette and Delaware County Record, and in the Standard.

Respectfully submitted in Freedom, Friendship and Charity.

C. MANNINGTON, }  
T. F. BUCKTON, } Committee.  
J. H. COOPER, }

(Evening Herald, Philadelphia, Feb. 23, Editorial.)

THE COAL COMBINATION.

The great combine of the coal carrying railroads so skillfully engineered by President McLeod of the Reading is to be investigated by the New Jersey authorities. Despite the assurances of those in the deal that there will be no raise in prices there is a feeling that the deal is contrary to public interest and should not be allowed to hold. In this connection the New York World, under the bold captain of "Break It Up," says:—

"The coal combination is a conspiracy of capital against industry, of wealth against poverty, of greed against need."

It is meant to make a very poor man to use less coal and pay more for it. It is meant to levy a tax upon every industry that uses coal, and the tax will be taken in the end out of earnings of the men employed.

The people need more and cheaper coal. This conspiracy is intended to give them less and dear coal.

Production has already been curtailed in order that the price may be maintained. The price will be inevitably advanced in order that the conspirators may be more rapidly absorbed to themselves the earnings of other men.

Under conditions of healthy competition surplus production would be reduced, not by stopping the work and wages of miners, but by a reduction in price sufficient to induce the people to use more coal. The conspiracy is intended to destroy healthy conditions, exclude competition, and decrease production, while increasing the profits of the monopoly in control.

These are days of monopolies against the people, and the need now is for thorough work and active resistance in defense of the people's rights and against the power of combined money.

Our Constitution condemns this deal. Its language is too plain to be obscured. The Reading and Lehigh Valley were and are competing lines, and the prohibition is plain. The case of Cox Brothers, fresh in the memory of all, only needs to be referred to in order to demonstrate the conditions violated. They fell out with the Lehigh Valley, and went to law with it. Did their works stand? Were their colonies idle? No; but an arrangement was made at once with the Reading, and it did the work that the Lehigh Valley had before been doing.

Cox Brothers had two carriers ready to carry their coal. They broke with one and favored the other. It is too plain for argument that the two lines were bidding for the same work. If bidders, then competitors. If competitors, then their merger or lease is forbidden.

Do your duty, Mr. Attorney-General. Don't forget the vigorous fight for the people when the South Penn deal was broken up. Governor Pattison, you are in the balance; the people don't want monopolies in coal. Action for the people is the duty of the Governor; action prompt, vigorous, and thorough.

WAYSIDE GLEANINGS.

The British government raises \$15,000,000 yearly by holding lotteries.

Petitions to the British house of commons must be written, not printed.

Three miles an hour is about the average of the gulf stream, though at certain places it attains a speed of fifty-four miles.

There are about 1,100 men employed in the Bank of England, and their united salary list, including bonuses, amount to about \$5,000,000 per annum.

Chimneys are scarce in the City of Mexico.



